Figure 2

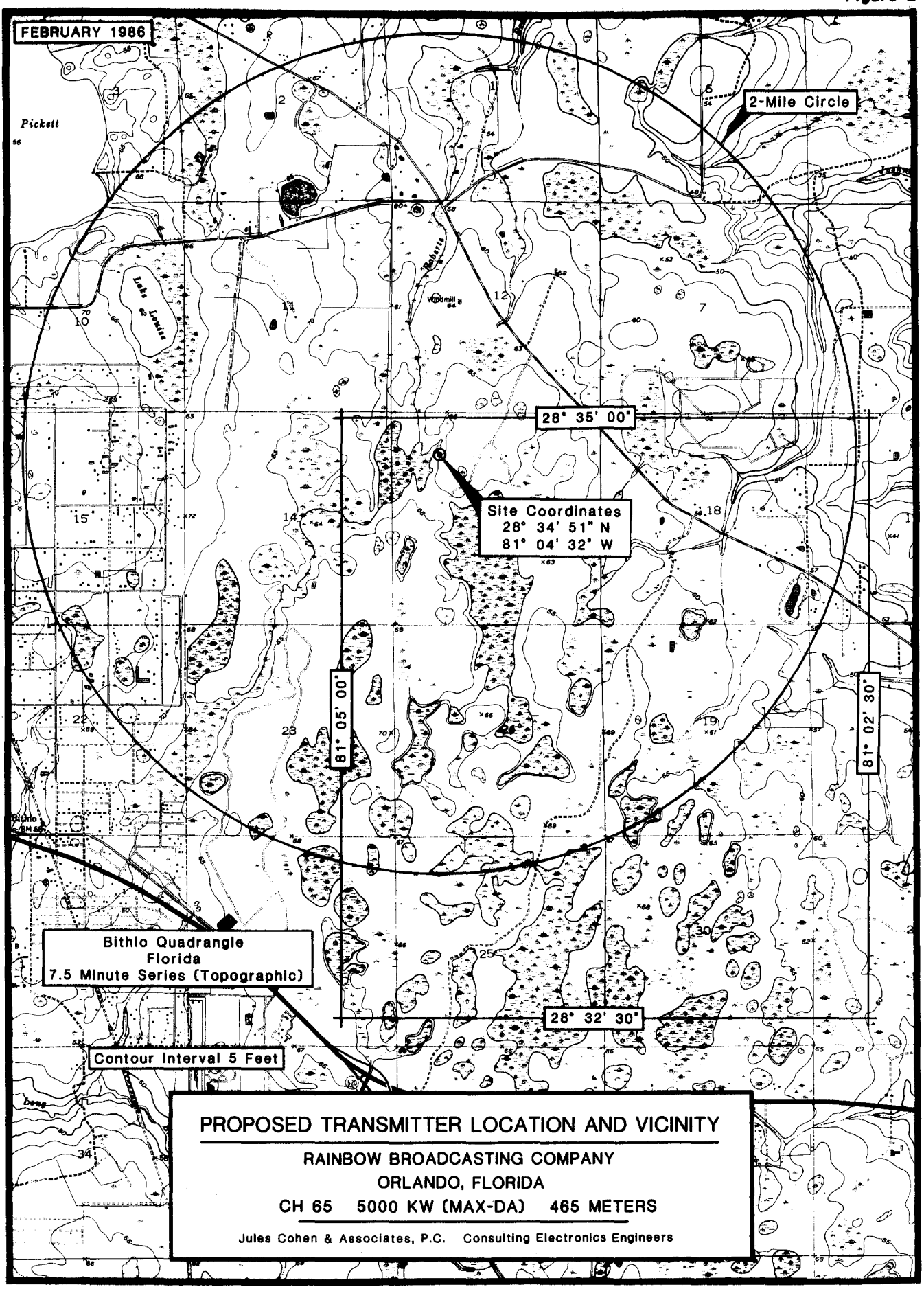
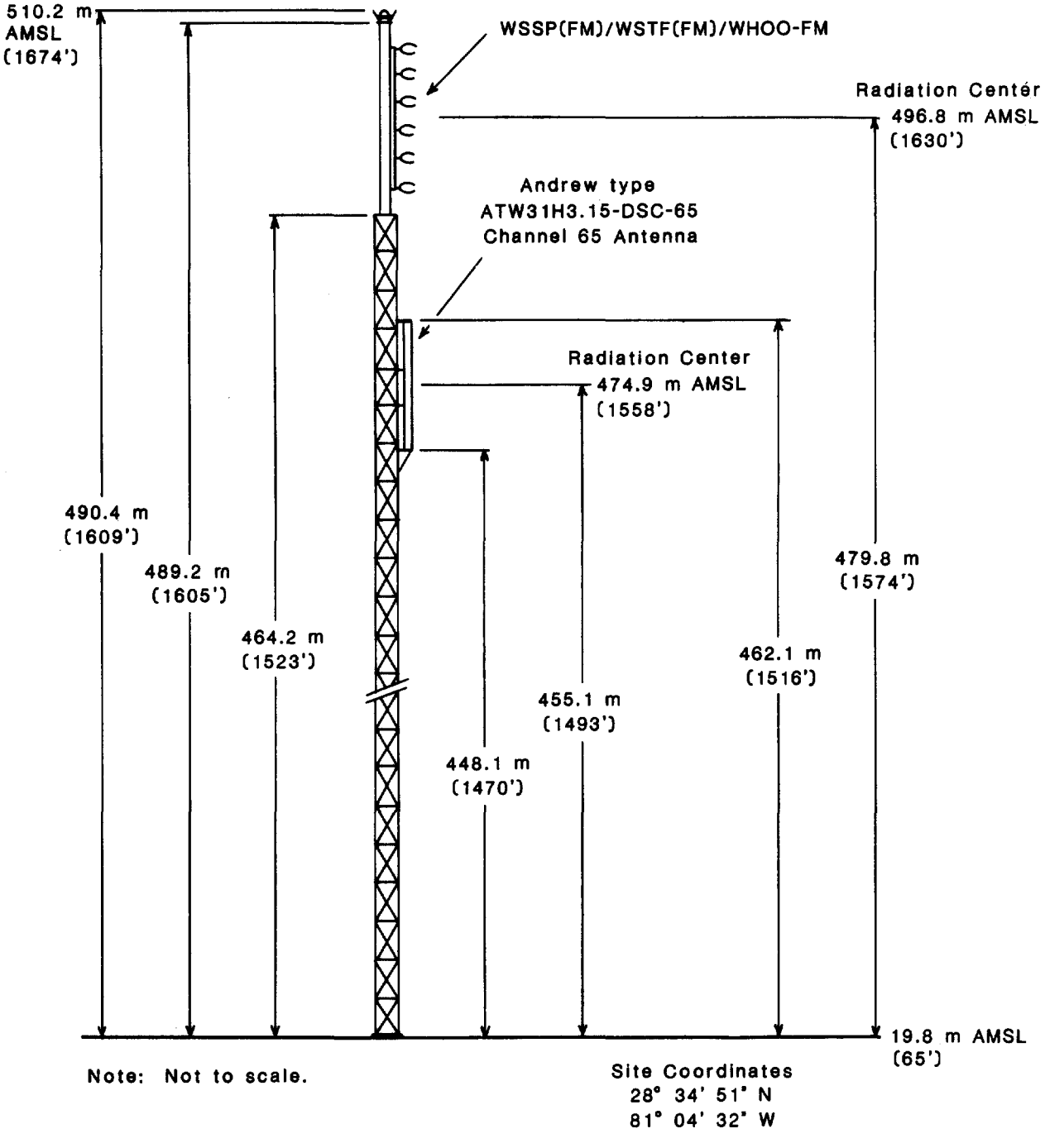

FEBRUARY 1986
2-Mile Circle
28° 35' 00"
Site Coordinates
28° 34' 51" N
81° 04' 32" W
81° 05' 00"
81° 02' 30"
28° 32' 30"
Bithlo Quadrangle
Florida
7.5 Minute Series (Topographic)
Contour Interval 5 Feet
PROPOSED TRANSMITTER LOCATION AND VICINITY
RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY
ORLANDO, FLORIDA
CH 65 5000 KW (MAX-DA) 465 METERS
Jules Cohen & Associates, P.C. Consulting Electronics Engineers
1 MILE
1 KILOMETER

Figure 3

FEBRUARY 1986



PROPOSED ANTENNA AND EXISTING SUPPORTING STRUCTURE

RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY

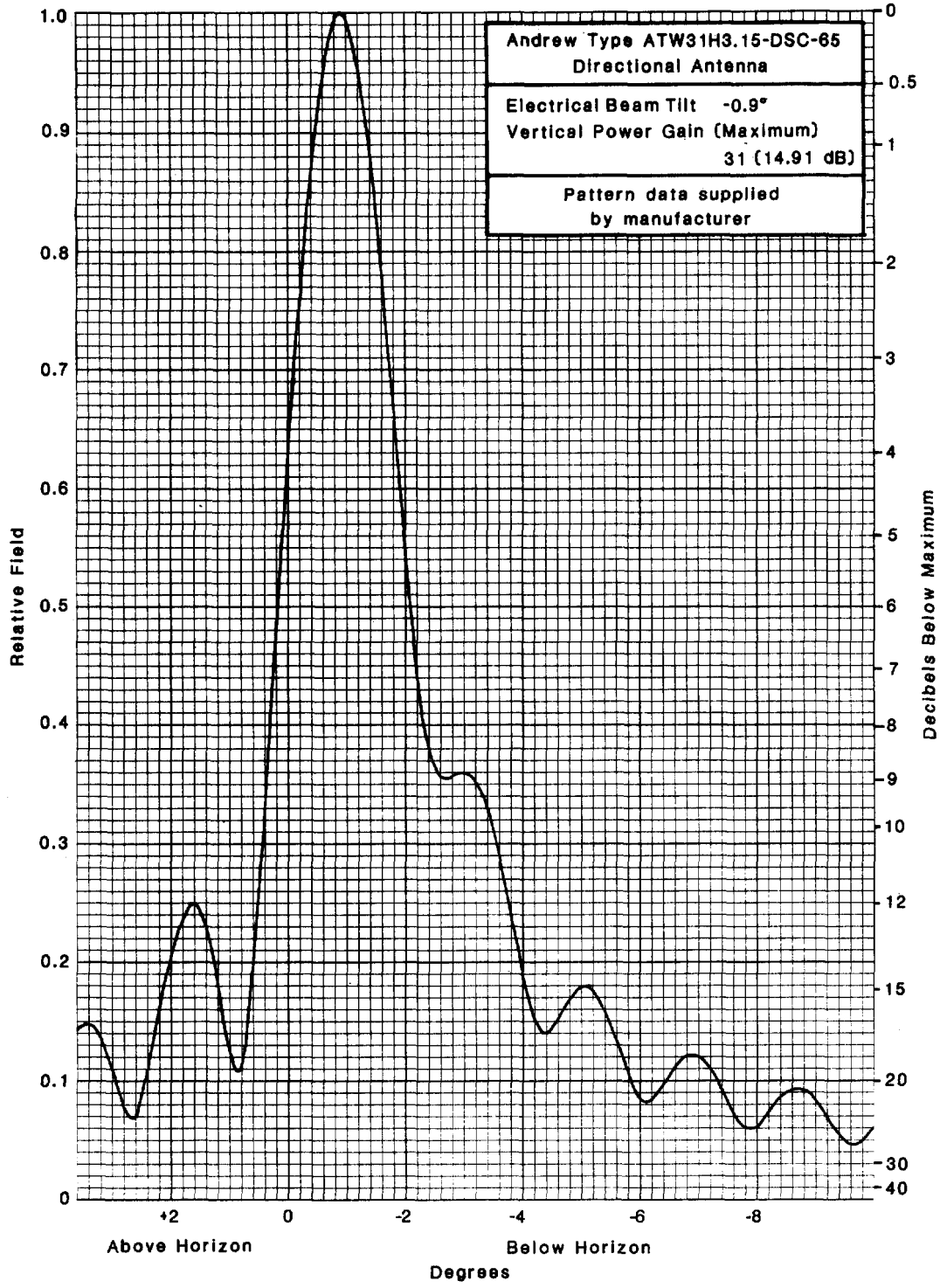
ORLANDO, FLORIDA

CH 65 5000 KW (MAX-DA) 465 METERS

Jules Cohen & Associates, P.C. Consulting Electronics Engineers

Figure 4

FEBRUARY 1986



VERTICAL PLANE RADIATION PATTERN
HORIZONTAL POLARIZATION

RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY

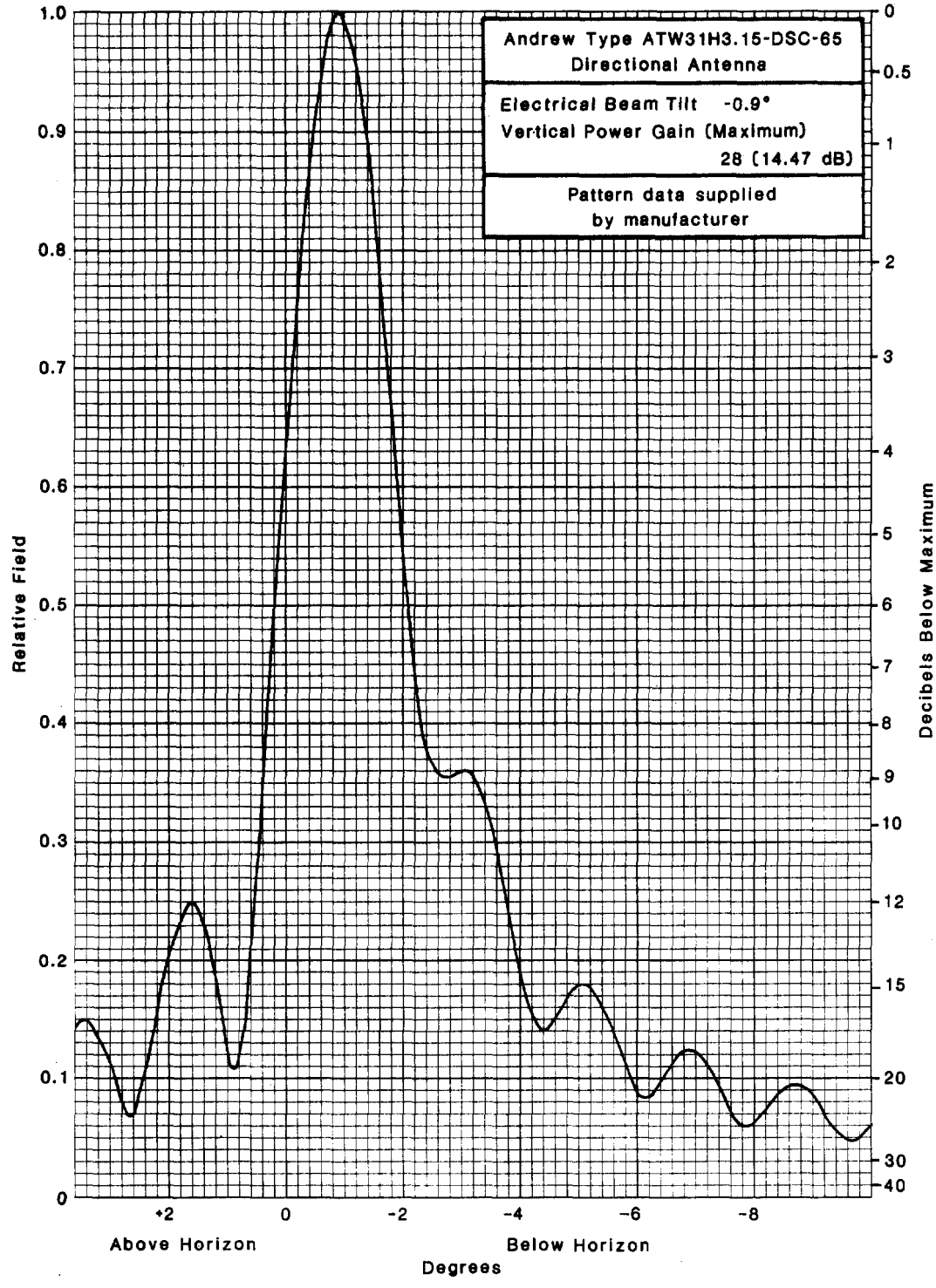
ORLANDO, FLORIDA

CH 65 5000 KW (MAX-DA) 465 METERS

Jules Cohen & Associates, P.C. Consulting Electronics Engineers

Figure 5

FEBRUARY 1986

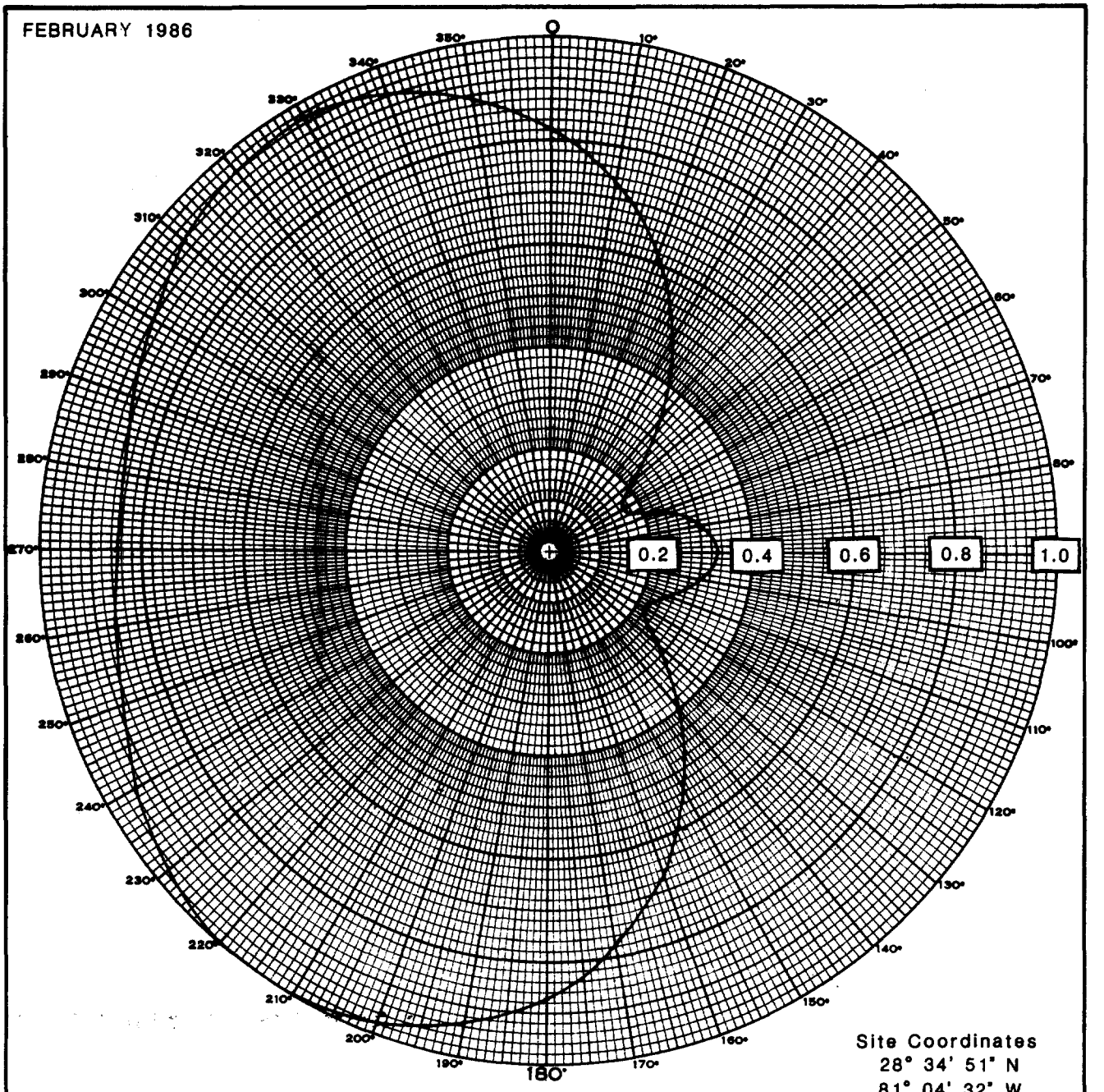


VERTICAL PLANE RADIATION PATTERN
VERTICAL POLARIZATION

RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY
ORLANDO, FLORIDA

CH 65 5000 KW (MAX-DA) 465 METERS

Jules Cohen & Associates, P.C. Consulting Electronics Engineers



Azimuthal Power Gain = 1.86 (2.7 dB)

ANTENNA AZIMUTHAL PLANE RADIATION PATTERN
HORIZONTAL POLARIZATION
(RELATIVE FIELD)

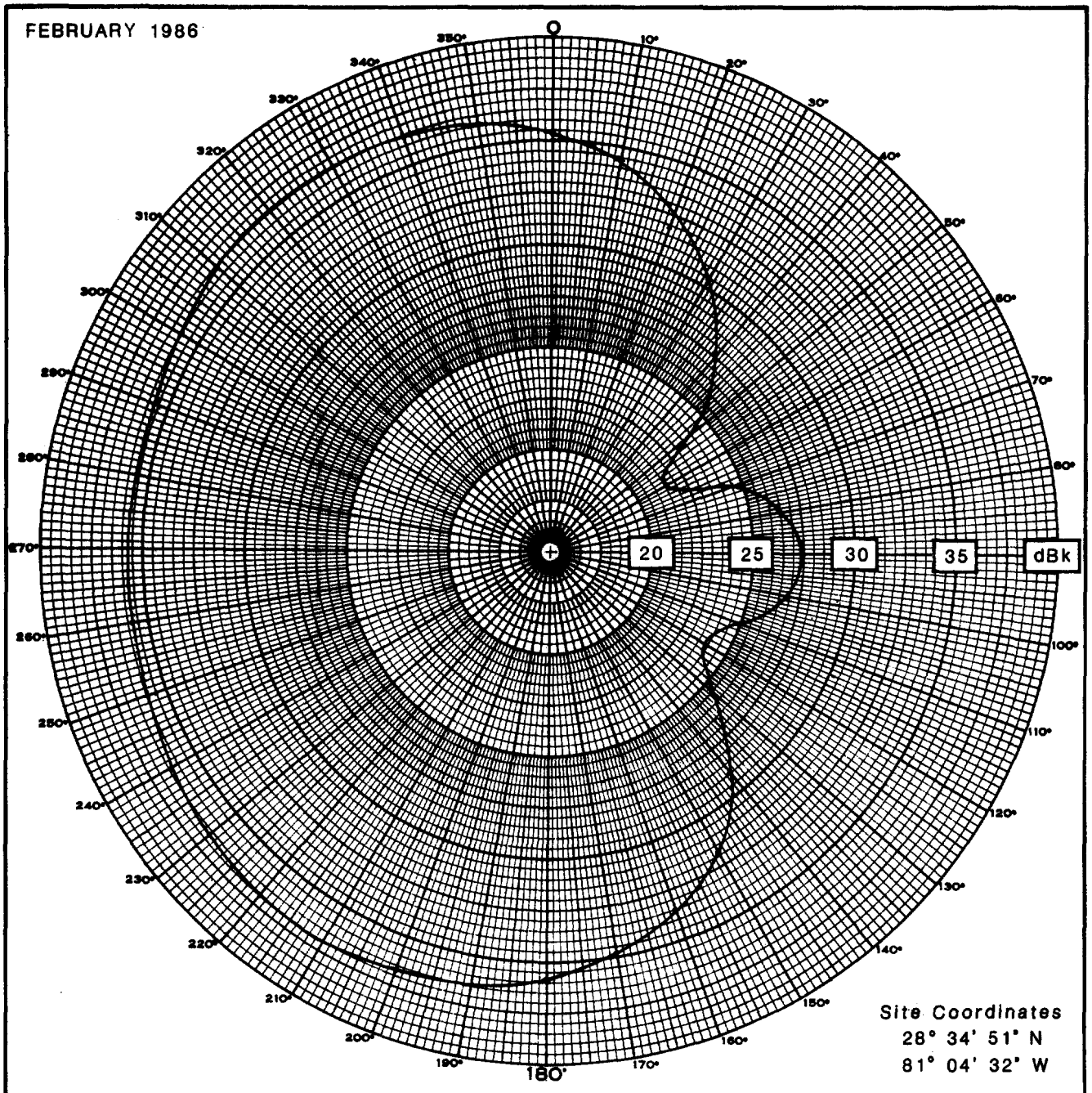
RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY

ORLANDO, FLORIDA

CH 65 5000 KW (MAX-DA) 465 METERS

Jules Cohen & Associates, P.C. Consulting Electronics Engineers

FEBRUARY 1986



Site Coordinates
28° 34' 51" N
81° 04' 32" W

ANTENNA AZIMUTHAL PLANE RADIATION PATTERN
HORIZONTAL POLARIZATION
(EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER IN dBk)

RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY
ORLANDO, FLORIDA
CH 65 5000 KW (MAX-DA) 465 METERS

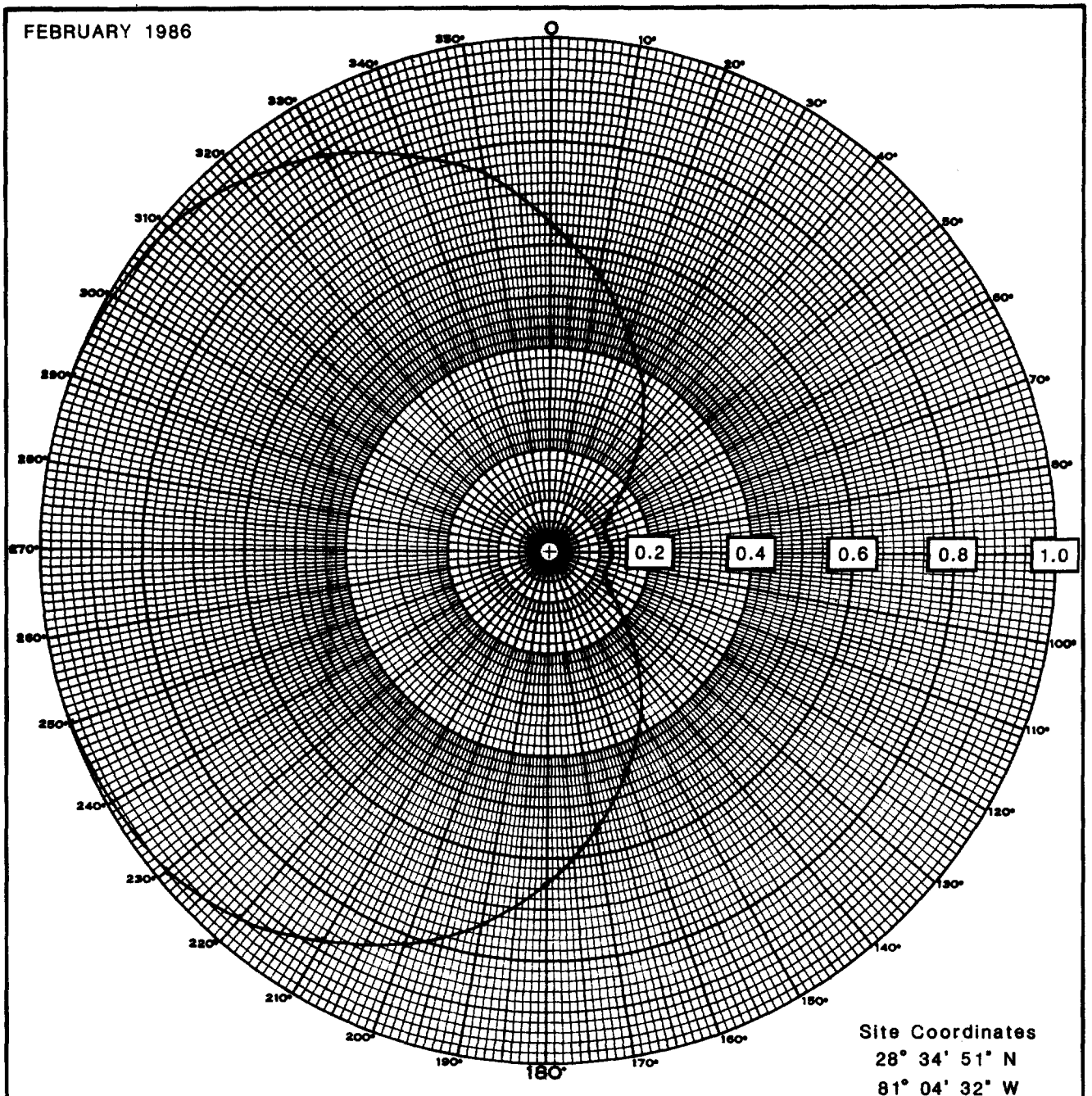
Jules Cohen & Associates, P.C. Consulting Electronics Engineers

ENGINEERING EXHIBIT
APPLICATION FOR MODIFICATION OF
TELEVISION CONSTRUCTION PERMIT
RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY
ORLANDO, FLORIDA
CH 65 5000 KW (MAX-DA) 465 METERS

Antenna Azimuthal Plane Radiation Data
(Horizontal Polarization)
(Based on manufacturer's pattern)

Azimuth (degrees true)	Maximum Relative Field	Maximum ERP (dBk)	Azimuth (degrees true)	Maximum Relative Field	Maximum ERP (dBk)
0	0.82	35.3	180	0.87	35.8
10	0.73	34.3	190	0.94	36.4
20	0.62	32.8	200	0.97	36.7
30	0.47	30.4	210	1.00	37.0
40	0.34	27.6	215 (max.)	1.00	37.0
45	0.28	25.9	220	1.00	37.0
50	0.22	23.8	225	0.99	36.9
60 (min.)	0.17	21.6	230	0.97	36.7
70	0.24	24.6	240	0.94	36.4
80	0.30	26.5	250	0.88	35.5
90 (max.)	0.33	27.4	260	0.87	35.8
100	0.31	26.8	270	0.86	35.7
110	0.25	25.0	280	0.85	35.6
120 (min.)	0.22	23.8	290	0.87	35.5
130	0.27	25.6	300	0.90	36.1
135	0.34	27.5	310	0.94	36.4
140	0.40	29.0	315	0.95	36.6
150	0.55	31.8	320 (max.)	0.96	36.6
160	0.67	33.5	330	0.96	36.6
170	0.77	34.8	340	0.94	36.4
			350	0.90	36.1

Figure 7



Azimuthal Power Gain = 2.10 (3.22 dB)

ANTENNA AZIMUTHAL PLANE RADIATION PATTERN
VERTICAL POLARIZATION
(RELATIVE FIELD)

RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY

ORLANDO, FLORIDA

CH 65 5000 KW (MAX-DA) 465 METERS

Jules Cohen & Associates, P.C. Consulting Electronics Engineers

ENGINEERING EXHIBIT
APPLICATION FOR MODIFICATION OF
TELEVISION CONSTRUCTION PERMIT
RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY
ORLANDO, FLORIDA
CH 65 5000 KW (MAX-DA) 465 METERS

Tabulation of Average Elevations and
Distances to Grade A and Grade B Contours
(Horizontal Polarization)

Metric Units

Azimuth (deg.)	3.2-16.1 km Average Terrain Elevation (m AMSL)	Antenna Height Above Average Terrain (meters)	Depression Angle to Horizon (deg.)	ERP Employed (dBk)	Distance to Contours: Grade A (74 dBu) (km)	Distance to Contours: Grade B (64 dBu) (km)
0	15	460	0.598	35.3	71.3	93.5
30*	16	459	0.597	30.4	62.9	82.2
45	17	458	0.597	25.9	54.7	72.4
60*	17	458	0.597	21.6	48.3	65.0
90	17	458	0.597	27.4	57.3	75.6
120*	13	462	0.600	23.8	52.0	68.7
135	9	466	0.602	27.5	57.9	76.3
150*	5	470	0.604	31.8	65.8	86.1
180	2	473	0.607	35.8	73.1	95.6
215*	3	472	0.606	37.0	74.8	97.4
225	5	470	0.605	36.9	75.2	97.8
240*	3	472	0.606	36.4	74.2	96.9
260*	3	472	0.606	35.8	72.9	95.3
270	4	471	0.605	35.7	72.7	95.1
300*	7	468	0.604	36.1	73.4	95.9
315	7	468	0.603	36.6	74.3	97.0
	—	—				
Average	9	465				

*Elevation not included in average.

Tabulation of Average Elevations and Distances to Grade A and Grade B Contours
Orlando, Florida

Figure 8
Sheet 2 of 4

English Units

Azimuth (deg.)	2-10 Mile Average Terrain Elevation (ft. AMSL)	Antenna Height Above Average Terrain (feet)	Depression Angle to Horizon (deg.)	ERP Employed (dBk)	Distance to Contours Grade A (74 dBu) (miles)	Distance to Contours Grade B (64 dBu) (miles)
0	49	1509	0.598	35.3	44.3	58.1
30*	53	1505	0.597	30.4	39.1	51.1
45	56	1502	0.597	25.9	34.0	45.0
60*	57	1501	0.597	21.6	30.0	40.4
90	57	1501	0.597	27.4	35.6	47.0
120*	43	1515	0.600	23.8	32.3	42.7
135	29	1529	0.602	27.5	36.0	47.4
150*	17	1541	0.604	31.8	40.9	53.5
180	6	1552	0.607	35.8	45.4	59.4
215*	10	1548	0.606	37.0	46.5	60.5
225	16	1542	0.605	36.6	46.7	60.8
240*	11	1547	0.606	36.4	46.1	60.2
260*	13	1545	0.606	35.8	45.3	59.2
270	14	1544	0.605	35.7	45.2	59.1
300*	22	1536	0.604	36.1	45.6	59.6
315	23	1535	0.603	36.6	46.2	60.3
Average	31	1527				

*Elevation not included in average.

Tabulation of Distances to the
Principal City Grade Contour
Orlando, Florida

Metric Units

Azimuth (degrees)	Height Above Average Terrain (meters)	Depression Angle to 80 dBu Contour (degrees)	ERP Employed (dBk)	Principal City Grade Contour (80 dBu) (km)
0	460	1.08	35.1	60.5
30	459	1.08	30.2	52.5
45	458	1.08	25.7	45.1
60	458	1.08	21.8	38.8
90	458	1.08	27.2	47.5
120	462	1.08	23.5	42.3
135	466	1.09	27.3	48.0
150	470	1.10	31.6	54.6
180	473	1.10	35.6	62.0
215	472	1.10	36.8	63.9
225	470	1.10	36.7	63.7
240	472	1.10	36.2	62.9
260	472	1.10	35.6	61.8
270	471	1.10	35.5	61.6
300	468	1.09	35.9	62.3
315	468	1.09	36.4	63.2

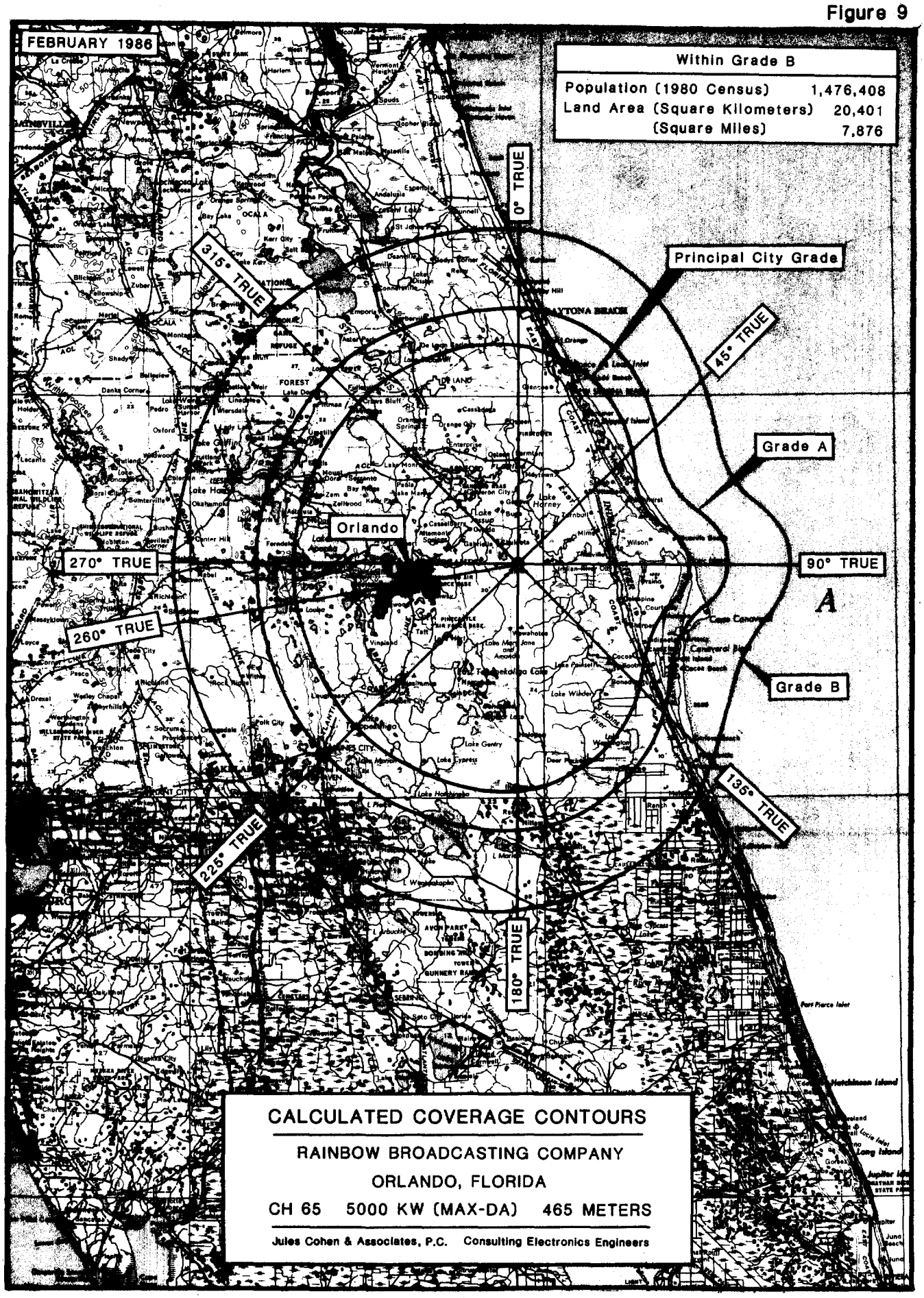
Tabulation of Distances to the
Principal City Grade Contour
Orlando, Florida

Figure 8
Sheet 4 of 4

English Units

Azimuth (degrees)	Height Above Average Terrain (feet)	Depression Angle to 80 dBu Contour (degrees)	ERP Employed (dBk)	Principal City Grade Contour (80 dBu) (miles)
0	1509	1.08	35.1	37.6
30	1505	1.08	30.2	32.6
45	1502	1.08	25.7	28.0
60	1501	1.08	21.8	24.3
90	1501	1.08	27.2	29.5
120	1515	1.08	23.5	26.3
135	1529	1.09	27.3	29.8
150	1541	1.10	31.6	33.9
180	1552	1.10	35.6	38.5
215	1548	1.10	36.8	39.7
225	1542	1.10	36.7	39.6
240	1547	1.10	36.2	39.1
260	1545	1.10	35.6	38.4
270	1544	1.10	35.5	38.3
300	1536	1.09	35.9	38.7
315	1535	1.09	36.4	39.3

Figure 9


FEBRUARY 1986
Within Grade B
Population (1980 Census) 1,476,408
Land Area (Square Kilometers) 20,401
(Square Miles) 7,876
0° TRUE
315° TRUE
Principal City Grade
45° TRUE
Grade A
Orlando
270° TRUE
90° TRUE
A
260° TRUE
Grade B
135° TRUE
225° TRUE
180° TRUE
CALCULATED COVERAGE CONTOURS
RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY
ORLANDO, FLORIDA
CH 65 5000 KW (MAX-DA) 465 METERS
Jules Cohen & Associates, P.C. Consulting Electronics Engineers
10 5 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Statute Miles
10 5 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 Kilometres

ENGINEERING EXHIBIT
APPLICATION FOR MODIFICATION OF
TELEVISION CONSTRUCTION PERMIT
RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY
ORLANDO, FLORIDA
CH 65 5000 KW (MAX-DA) 465 METERS

Demonstration of Compliance with Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Radiation

A study has been made in accordance with OST Bulletin No. 65 for the addition of the UHF-TV channel 65 operation at the tower site shared by WHOO-FM, WSTF(FM) and WSSP(FM); the proposed operation would not result in the maximum radiation exposure guideline limit being exceeded. The following table provides the basic data employed in the calculation and the results obtained for a point two meters above ground at the base of the tower. The calculation demonstrates that the ANSI C95.1-1982 maximum guideline would not be exceeded.

	FM, 100 kW H&V	Proposed UHF-TV Ch. 65
Frequency	96.5-104.1 MHz	776-782 MHz
ERP (maximum)	100 kW (H) 100 kW (V)	5000 kW vis. (H) 630 kW vis. (V) 473 kW aur. (H) 59.6 kW aur. (V)
Antenna radiation center above target point two meters above ground	477 m	462 m
Power density at target point	0.029 mW/cm^2* (per FM station) 0.087 mW/cm^2 (sum of FM stations)	0.001 mW/cm^2**
Fractional contribution to guideline limit	0.087	0.0004
Sum of individual fractional contributions***	0.0874	

*Using equation (4) in OST Bulletin No. 65.
**Using equation (5) in OST Bulletin No. 65, assuming a relative field (F) of five percent at an elevation of -90 degrees.
***A summation of individual fractional contributions which is less than unity, signifies compliance with the ANSI C95.1-1982 guideline.

JULES COHEN & ASSOCIATES, P.C.
CONSULTING ELECTRONICS ENGINEERS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20036

ENGINEERING EXHIBIT
APPLICATION FOR MODIFICATION OF
TELEVISION CONSTRUCTION PERMIT
RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY
ORLANDO, FLORIDA
CH 65 5000 KW (MAX DA) 465 METERS

Affidavit

WASHINGTON)
) ss:
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA)

Jules Cohen, being first duly sworn, says that he is president of the firm of Jules Cohen & Associates, P. C., consulting electronics engineers with offices in Washington, D. C.; that he is a professional engineer registered in the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Virginia; that his qualifications as an expert in radio engineering are a matter of record with the Federal Communications Commission; that the foregoing exhibit was prepared in part by him and under his direction, and that the statements contained therein are true of his own personal knowledge except those stated to be on information and belief and, as to those statements, he verily believes them to be true and correct.

Jules Cohen, P. E.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of February, 1986.

Anne Mazor
Notary Public, D. C.

My commission expires
October 31, 1986 (SEAL)

JULES COHEN & ASSOCIATES, P.C.
CONSULTING ELECTRONICS ENGINEERS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20036

ENGINEERING EXHIBIT
APPLICATION FOR MODIFICATION OF
TELEVISION CONSTRUCTION PERMIT
RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY
ORLANDO, FLORIDA
CH 65 5000 KW (MAX-DA) 465 METERS

Affidavit

WASHINGTON)
) ss:
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA)

John Kean, being first duly sworn, says that he is an associate in the firm of Jules Cohen & Associates, P. C., consulting electronics engineers with offices in Washington, D. C., that his qualifications are a matter of record with the Federal Communications Commission, that the foregoing exhibit was prepared in part by him, and that the statements contained therein are true of his own personal knowledge except those stated to be on information and belief and, as to those statements, he verily believes them to be true and correct.

JOHN C KEAN

John C. Kean

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of February, 1986.

Anne Mazor

Anne Mazor
Notary Public, D. C.

My commission expires
October 31, 1986 (SEAL)

Ref Room

United States of America

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

TELEVISION BROADCAST STATION CONSTRUCTION PERMIT

Official Mailing Address:

RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY
6349 OAK MEADOW BEND
ORLANDO, FL 32819

Authorizing Official:

for Clay C. Pendarvis
Chief, Television Branch
Video Services Division
Mass Media Bureau

Grant Date: JUN 2 1994

Call sign: WRBW

This permit expires 3:00 am. local time 06 months after grant date specified above

Permit File No.: BMPCT-931213KE

This permit modifies Permit No.: 820909KF

This authorization re-issued to correct the height of radiation center above ground and height of radiation center above mean sea level.

Subject to the provisions of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, subsequent acts and treaties, and all regulations heretofore or hereafter made by this Commission, and further subject to the conditions set forth in this permit, the permittee is hereby authorized to construct the radio transmitting apparatus herein described. Installation and adjustment of equipment not specifically set forth herein shall be in accordance with representations contained in the permittee's application for construction permit except for such modifications as are presently permitted, without application, by the Commission's Rules.

This permit shall be automatically forfeited if the station is not ready for operation within the time specified (date of expiration) or within such further time as the Commission may allow, unless completion of the station is prevented by causes not under the control of the permittee. See Sections 73.3598, 73.3599 and 73.3534 of the Commission's Rules.

Equipment and program tests shall be conducted only pursuant to Sections 73.1610 and 73.1620 of the Commission's Rules.

Name of permittee:

RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY

Station Location:

FL-ORLANDO

Frequency (MHz): 776.0 - 782.0

Carrier Frequency (MHz): 777.25 Visual 781.75 Aural

Channel: 65

Hours of Operation: Unlimited

Transmitter location (address or description):

NEAR THE INTERSECTION OF STATE ROUTES 420 AND 419, BITHLO, ORANGE COUNTY, FL.

Transmitter: Type accepted. See Sections 73.1660, 73.1665 and 73.1670 of the Commission's Rules.

Antenna type: (directional or non-directional): Directional

Desc: SWR SWHPS32EC/65

Beam Tilt: 1.00 degrees electrical

Major lobe directions (degrees true): 270.0

Antenna coordinates: North Latitude: 28 34 51.0
West Longitude: 81 04 32.0

Transmitter output power: As required to achieve authorized ERP.

Maximum effective radiated power (kW): 5000 Visual

Height of radiation center above ground . . . . : 455.0 Meters

Height of radiation center above mean sea level : 475.0 Meters

Height of radiation center above average terrain: 465.0 Meters

Overall height of antenna structure above ground (including obstruction lighting, if any) . . . . . : 490.0 meters

Obstruction marking and lighting specifications for antenna structure:

It is to be expressly understood that the issuance of these specifications is in no way to be considered as precluding additional or modified marking or lighting as may hereafter be required under the provisions of Section 303(q) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

Paragraph A, FCC Form 715-A (Nov. 1983):

There shall be installed at the top of the antenna structure a white capacitor discharge omindirectional light which conforms to FAA/DOD Specification L-856, High Intensity Obstruction Lighting Sytems. This light shall be mounted on the highest point of the structure. If the antenna or other appurtenance at its highest point is incapable of supporting the omindirectional light, one or more such lights shall be installed on a suitable adjacent support with the lights mounted not more than 20 feet below the tip of the appurtenance. The lights shall be positioned so as to permit unobstructed viewing of at least one light from aircraft at any normal angle of approach. The light unit(s) shall emit a beam with a peak intensity around its periphery of approximately 20,000 candelas during daytime and twilight, and approximately 4,000 candelas at night.

Paragraph B, FCC Form 715-A (Nov. 1983):

There shall be installed at the top of the skeletal or other main support structure three or more high intensity light units which conform to FAA/DOD Specification L-856 High Intensity Obstruction Lighting Systems. The complement of units shall emit a white high intensity light and produce an effective intensity of not less than 200,000 candelas (daytime) uniformly about the antenna structure in the horizontal plane. The effective intensity shall be reduced to approximately 20,000 candelas at twilight, and to approximately 4,000 candelas at night. The light units shall be mounted in a manner to ensure unobstructed viewing from aircraft at any normal angle of approach, so that the effective intensity of the full beam is not impaired by any structural member of the skeletal framework. The units will normally be adjusted so that the center of the beam is in the horizontal plane.

Paragraph F, FCC Form 715-A (Nov. 1983):

At the approximate one-fifth, two-fifths, three-fifths and four-fifths levels of the skeletal tower there shall be installed three or more high intensity light units which conform to FAA/DOD Specification L-856, High Intensity Obstrutction Lighting Systems. The complement of units shall emit a white high intensity light and produce an effective intensity of not less than 200,000 candelas (daytime) uniformly about the antenna structure in the horizontal plane. The effective intensity shall be reduced to approximately 20,000 candelas at twilight, and to approximately 4,000 candelas at night. The light units shall be mounted in a manner to ensure unbostructed viewing from aircraft at any normal angle of approach, so that the effective intensity of the full beam is not impaired by any structural member of the skeletal framework. The normal angular adjustment of the beam centers above the horizon shall be three degrees at the one-fifth level, two degrees at the two-fifths level, one degree at the three-fifths level and zero degrees at the four-fifths level.

Paragraph H, FCC Form 715-A (Nov. 1983):

All lights shall be syncronized to flash simultaneously at 40 pulses per minute. The light system shall be equipped with a light sensitive control device which shall face the north sky and cause the intensity steps to change automatically when the north sky illumination on a vertical surface is as follows:

1. Day to Twilight: Shall not occur before the illumination drops to 60 footcandles, but shall occur before it drops to 30 footcandles.
2. Twilight to Night: Shall not occur before the illumination drops to 5 footcandles, but shall occur before it drops to 2 footcandles.
3. Night to Day: The intensity changes listed in 1. and 2. above shall be reversed in transitioning from the night to day modes.

Paragraph I, FCC Form 715-A (Nov. 1983):

During construction of an antenna structure for which high intensity lighting is required, at least two lights shall be installed at the uppermost part of the structure. In addition, at each level where permanent obstruction lighting will be required, two similar lights shall be installed. Each temporary light shall consist of at least 1,500 candelas (peak effective intensity), syncronized to flash simultaneously at 40 pulses per minute. Temporary lights shall be operated continuously, except for periods of actual construction, until the permanent obstruction lights have been installed and placed in operation. Lights shall be positioned to ensure unobstructed viewing from aircraft at any normal angle of approach. If practical, the permanent obstruction lights may be installed at each level as the structure progresses. NOTE: If battery operated, the batteries should be replaced or recharged at regular intervals to preclude failure during operation.

Paragraph 3.0, FCC Form 715 (March 1978):

There shall be installed at the top of the structure one 300 m/m electric code beacon equipped with two 620- or 700-watt lamps (PS-40, Code Beacon type), both lamps to burn simultaneously, and equipped with aviation red color filters. Where a rod or other construction of not more than 20 feet in height and incapable of supporting this beacon is mounted on top of the structure and it is determined that this additional construction does not permit unobstructed visibility of the code beacon from aircraft at any normal angle of approach, there shall be installed two such beacons positioned so as to insure unobstructed visibility of at least one of the beacons from aircraft at any normal angle of approach. The beacons shall be equipped with a flashing mechanism producing not more than 40 flashes per minute nor less than 12 flashes per minute with a period of darkness equal to approximately one-half of the luminous period.

Paragraph 10.1, FCC Form 715 (March 1978):

On levels at approximately eight-elevenths, six-elevenths, four-elevenths and two-elevenths of the over-all height of the tower one similar flashing 300 m/m electric code beacon shall be installed in such position within the tower proper that the structural members will not impair the visibility of this beacon from aircraft at any normal angle of approach. In the event these beacons cannot be installed in a manner to insure unobstructed visibility of the beacons from aircraft at any normal angle of approach, there shall be installed two such beacons at each level. Each beacon shall be mounted on the outside of diagonally opposite corners or opposite sides of the tower at the prescribed height.

Paragraph 19.1, FCC Form 715 (March 1978):

On levels at approximately ten-elevenths, nine-elevenths, seven-elevenths, five-elevenths, three-elevenths and one-eleventh of the over-all height of the tower at least one 116- or 125-watt lamp (A21/TS) enclosed in an aviation red obstruction light globe shall be installed on each outside corner of the structure.

Paragraph 21.0, FCC Form 715 (March 1978):

All lighting shall burn continuously or shall be controlled by a light sensitive device adjusted so that the lights will be turned on at a north sky light intensity level of about 35 foot candles and turned off at a north sky light intensity level of about 58 foot candles.

Obstruction marking specifications in accordance with above paragraphs A,B,F,H,I of FCC Form 715A OR paragraphs 3,10.1, 19.1,21 of FCC Form 715 (night) AND paragraphs A,B,F,H,I of FCC Form 715A (day).

RECEIVED
JUN - 6 1994
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
OFFICE OF SECRETARY

RENOUF & POLIVY
1532 SIXTEENTH STREET NW • WASHINGTON DC 20036 • (202) 265-1807

6 June 1994

William F. Caton, Acting Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
1919 M Street, N.W., Room 222
Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: Station WRBW(TV)
Channel 65
Orlando, Florida

Dear Mr. Caton:

Pursuant to Section 73.1320 of the Commission's rules, Rainbow Broadcasting. Ltd. hereby gives notice that it has this day commenced program test operation on Station WRBW(TV), Channel 65, Orlando, Florida.

If there is any question concerning this matter, please let me know.

Very truly yours,

Margot Polivy
Counsel for Rainbow Broadcasting, Ltd.

ORIGINAL

RENOUF & POLIVY
1532 SIXTEENTH STREET NW • WASHINGTON DC 20036 • (202) 265-1807

RECEIVED
JUN - 6 1994
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
OFFICE OF SECRETARY

3 June 1994

William F. Caton, Acting Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
1919 M Street, N.W., Room 222
Washington, D.C. 20554

Dear Mr. Caton:

Rainbow Broadcasting, Ltd., permittee of UHF television Station WRBW(TV), Orlando, Florida, hereby informs the Commission that it will commence program testing pursuant to Section 73.1610 of the Commission's rules on the evening of Friday, June 3, 1994.

Please let me know if there is any question about this matter.

Very truly yours,

Margot Polivy
Counsel for Rainbow Broadcasting,. Ltd.

STATION FILE

COPY

United States of America

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

TELEVISION BROADCAST STATION CONSTRUCTION PERMIT

Official Mailing Address:

RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY
6349 OAK MEADOW BEND
ORLANDO, FL 32819

Authorizing Official:

Clay C. Pendarvis
Chief, Television Branch
Video Services Division
Mass Media Bureau

Grant Date:

This permit expires 3:00 am. local time 06 months after grant date specified above

Call sign: WRBW

Permit File No.: BMPCT-931213KE

This permit modifies Permit No.: 820909KF

This authorization re-issued to correct the height of radiation center above ground and height of radiation center above mean sea level.

Subject to the provisions of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, subsequent acts and treaties, and all regulations heretofore or hereafter made by this Commission, and further subject to the conditions set forth in this permit, the permittee is hereby authorized to construct the radio transmitting apparatus herein described. Installation and adjustment of equipment not specifically set forth herein shall be in accordance with representations contained in the permittee's application for construction permit except for such modifications as are presently permitted, without application, by the Commission's Rules.

This permit shall be automatically forfeited if the station is not ready for operation within the time specified (date of expiration) or within such further time as the Commission may allow, unless completion of the station is prevented by causes not under the control of the permittee. See Sections 73.3598, 73.3599 and 73.3534 of the Commission's Rules.

Equipment and program tests shall be conducted only pursuant to Sections 73.1610 and 73.1620 of the Commission's Rules.

Name of permittee:

RAINBOW BROADCASTING COMPANY

Station Location:

FL-ORLANDO

Frequency (MHz): 776.0 - 782.0